

Quelle est la différence entre **le, la, l', les** et **lui, leur**?

1. Meanings & use of **le, la, l', les** versus **lui, leur**

lui (*to* him/her ; *for* him/her)

leur (*to* them ; *for* them)

NOTE: **lui** & **leur** are only used with people – can't be used for objects. And, they include the words “to” (à) or “for” (pour)

Le, la, l', les: these are used for people or objects. They don't include the word “to” or “for”.

2. All object pronouns have the same placement rules.

- If there's any infinitive, it goes before the infinitive. J'aime étudier *le français*. → J'aime **l'**étudier
- Otherwise, place it before the conjugated verb. J'ai étudié *le français*. → Je **l'**ai étudié
- You can have 2 object pronouns in a sentence! But, they must appear in the order as shown in the chart below. (There's a song to help you remember.) Je vais étudier *le français à la maison*. → Je vais **l'y** étudier (NOTE: **le** goes before **y**)

me	le	lui	y	en
te	la	leur		
se	l'			
nous	les			
vous				